(preparation of fluoroalkenyl compds. with high elastic constant ratio and low viscosity for lig.-crystal displays) ANSWER 4 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L6 1996:220970 CAPLUS ANED Entered STN: 16 Apr 1996 TISpiro[3.3] heptane as a structural element for liquid crystals. ΑU Sadler, J. David; Kaszynski, Piotr Department Chemistry, Vanderbilt University, Nashville, TN, 37235, USA CS so Book of Abstracts, 211th ACS National Meeting, New Orleans, LA, March 24-28 (1996), ORGN-366 Publisher: American Chemical Society, Washington, D. C. CODEN: 62PIAJ DTConference; Meeting Abstract LA English AΒ It has been demonstrated that some derivs. of spiro[3. 3] heptane form liq. crystals, although with relatively low isotropization temps. Ti. In our research, we address two not studied before aspects of this spiro ring system in liq. crystals: 1) the relationship of axial chirality of 1 and 2 and their twisting power, and 2) the influence of two endocyclic double bonds in 2 on Ti and the chemical stability of the mesogens. The first chiral mesogenic derivative 1 shows relatively high twisting power for a nematic host. Derivs. 2 show higher Ti as compared to that of 1 but their chemical stability is significantly reduced. We will present the synthesis of several derivs. 1 and 2, their mesomorphic properties, calculated and exptl. thermal rearrangement data, and the twisting power of chiral derivs. 1 in nematic and smectic hosts. L6 ANSWER 5 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 1994:508184 CAPLUS DN 121:108184 ED Entered STN: 03 Sep 1994 ΤI Preparation of methylenespiroalkanes as liquid crystal components Poetsch, Eike; Finkenzeller, Ulrich; Binder, Werner IN PAMerck Patent GmbH, Germany SO Ger. Offen., 18 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX DT Patent LΑ German IC ICM C07C025-24 C07C022-08; C07C023-20; C07C013-32; C07C043-225; C09K019-32; G02F001-13; G09F009-35 CC 25-2 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds) Section cross-reference(s): 74, 75 FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -------**-**-_____

$$X^1$$
 X^2
 X^2

DE 4235975

PRAI DE 1992-4235975

MARPAT 121:108184

A1

19940428

19921024

DE 1992-4235975 19921024

PΙ

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GI

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Title compds [I; R = Z1A1(Z2A2)nR1; A1,A2 = (fluoro)-1,4-C6H4 in which 1
AB
     or 2 CH may be replaced by N, (cyano)-1,4-cyclohexylene in which 1 or 2
     CH2 may be replaced by O or S, etc.; R1 = alk(en)yl(oxy); W = CH2, CH2CH2;
     X1,X2 = H, F, Cl, CF3, alkyl; Z1,Z2 = bond, CO2, CH2O, CH2CH2,
     C.tplbond.C, etc.; m = 1-3; n = 0,1,4] were claimed. 2-[4-(Trans-4-
     propylcyclohexyl) phenyl] -6- (difluoromethylene) spiro[3.
     3 heptane had K 71 N(66 1), \Delta n = 0.116,
     \Delta \varepsilon = 3.88.
     methylenespiroalkane prepn liq crystal component
ST
IT
     Liquid crystals
        (methylenespiroalkanes)
IT
     Optical imaging devices
        (electrooptical liq.-crystal, methylenespiroalkanes
        as components for)
     156749-20-1P
                    156749-21-2P
                                  156749-22-3P
IT
                                                   156749-23-4P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of, as liq. crystal component)
     ANSWER 6 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L6
AN
     1989:448628 CAPLUS
DN
     111:48628
ED
     Entered STN: 05 Aug 1989
     Synthesis and liquid crystal properties of dimethylene
TТ
     linked compounds incorporating the cyclobutane or spiro[
     3.3] heptane rings
ΑU
     Chan, L. K. M.; Gemmell, P. A.; Gray, G. W.; Lacey, D.; Toyne, K. J.
     Sch. Chem., Univ. Hull, Hull, HU6 7RX, UK
CS
     Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals (1989), 168, 229 45
SO
     CODEN: MCLCA5; ISSN: 0026-8941
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     75-11 (Crystallography and Liquid Crystals)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 25
AΒ
     The preparation of 16 dimethylene-like compds. is described and a comparison is
     made between the transition temps. of these compds. and those of the
     corresponding esters. This comparison once again highlights the fact that
     the cyclobutane ring should be regarded, in terms of its ability to
     promote nematic thermal stability, as a chain stiffener rather than as a
     ring system. A comparison is also made of the nematic thermal stabilities
     of the trans-cyclobutane and the spiro[3.3]
     heptane systems and of the trans-cyclohexane and the
     spiro[5.5] undecane systems.
ST
     mesophase transition cyclobutane spiroheptane methylene deriv
     Liquid crystals
IT
        (dimethylene linked compds. containing cyclobutane or spiroheptane,
preparation
        and transition temps. of)
IT
     Hydrogenation
        (of cyclobutyl- or spiroheptyl-ethanoic acids)
IT
     Cyanation
        (of cyclobutyl- or spiroheptyl-methanols and bromobiphenylethanes)
IT
     74-90-8
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (cyanation, of cyclobutyl- or spiroheptyl-methanols and
        bromobiphenylethanes)
IT
     1333-74-0
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (hydrogenation, of cyclobutyl- or spiroheptyl-ethanoic acids)
IT
     104661-18-9P
                    104661-19-0P
                                   104661-20-3P
                                                   104661-21-4P
                                                                  104661-22-5P
     104661-23-6P
                    121609-66-3P
                                   121609-70-9P
                                                   121609-71-0P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (liq. crystal, preparation and transition temps. and
        cyanation of)
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ΤT
     104661-14-5P
                    104661-15-6P
                                   104661-34-9P
                                                  104661-35-0P
                                                                  104661-36-1P
     121609-62-9P
                    121609-63-0P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (liq. crystal, preparation and transition temps. and
        hydrogenation of)
IT
     104661-26-9P
                    104661-27-0P
                                   104661-28-1P
                                                  104661-29-2P
                                                                  104661-30-5P
     104661-31-6P
                    104661-39-4P
                                   104661-40-7P
                                                  104661-41-8P
                                                                  104686-28-4P
     104686-29-5P
                    104686-30-8P
                                   104686-31-9P
                                                  104686-32-0P
                                                                  104686-37-5P
     104686-38-6P
                                   121609-34-5P
                    104712-17-6P
                                                  121609-35-6P
                                                                  121609-36-7P
     121609-37-8P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (lig. crystal, preparation and transition temps. of)
IT
     104660-98-2
                   104661-14-5
                                 104661-22-5
                                               104686-09-1
     104686-26-2 121609-72-1
                                 121609-73-2
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (liq. crystals)
IT
     4426-03-3P, Cyclobutaneacetonitrile
                                           121609-74-3P
                                                          121609-75-4P
     121609-76-5P
                    121609-77-6P
                                   121609-78-7P
                                                 121609-79-8P
                                                                 121609-80-1P
     121609-81-2P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and b.p. of)
TI
     104661-37-2P
                   104661-38-3P
                                   104686-36-4P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and phase transition temps. of)
IT
     4415-82-1P, Cyclobutanemethanol 24070-81-3P
                                                     88790-56-1P
                                                                   121609-38-9P
     121609-39-0P
                   121609-40-3P
                                  121609-41-4P
                                                 121609-42-5P 121609-43-6P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and reaction of, with toluenesulfonyl chloride followed by
        cyanation)
IT
     6540-33-6P, Cyclobutaneacetic acid
                                          121609-44-7P
                                                         121609-45-8P
     121609-46-9P
                   121609-47-0P
                                  121609-48-1P 121609-49-2P
                                                                 121609-50-5P
     121609-51-6P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and reduction or bromination of)
TT
     104661-33-8P
                    104685-92-9P
                                   121609-52-7P
                                                 121609-53-8P
                                                                 121609-54-9P
     121609-55-0P
                    121609-58-3P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and transition temps. and hydrogenation of)
     ANSWER 7 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
1.6
ΑN
     1988:29812 CAPLUS
DN
     108:29812
ED
     Entered STN: 23 Jan 1988
TI
     Liquid-crystalline compounds containing
     tricyclo(4.4.0.03,8)decane (twistane) and spiro(3.
     3) heptane ring systems
UΑ
     Geivandov, R. Ch.; Lastochkina, S. O.; Goncharova, I. V.; Bolotin, B. M.;
     Karamysheva, L. A.; Geivandova, T. A.; Ivashchenko, A. V.; Titov, V. V.
     Org. Intermed. Dyes Inst., Moscow, 103787, USSR
CS
     Liquid Crystals (1987), 2(2), 235-9
SQ
     CODEN: LICRE6; ISSN: 0267-8292
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
CC
     75-11 (Crystallography and Liquid Crystals)
AΒ
     A new series of lig.-cryst. materials containing the
     tricyclo(4.4.0.03,8)decane (twistane) and further examples of materials
     containing the spiro (3.3) heptane
     system were prepared and their thermal properties examined  The mesomorphic
     properties are compared with those of the benzene, trans-cyclohexane, and
     bicyclo(2.2.2)octane derivs. The replacement of the benzene ring in
     related compds. by the twistane ring results in a lowering of the melting
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and the clearing points as well as a narrowing of the mesophase interval.
     The esters of spiro(3.3)heptane
     exhibit smectic mesophases with a narrow temperature interval.
ST
     mesophase tricyclodecane spiroheptane ring; tricyclodecane ring
     liq crystal prepn property; spiroheptane ring
     liq crystal prepn property
IT
     Liquid crystals
        (spiroheptane and tricyclodecane ring-containing, preparation and
properties of)
     99470-24-3
                  112084-14-7
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (liq. crystal properties of)
IT
     110505-40-3P
                   110505-41-4P
                                   110505-42-5P
                                                  110505-43-6P
                                                                 110505-44-7P
     110518-90-6P
                    110518-91-7P
                                   112084-15-8P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and liq. crystal properties of)
L6
     ANSWER 8 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     1987:609482 CAPLUS
DN
     107:209482
ED
     Entered STN:
                   27 Nov 1987
TT
     Synthesis and liquid crystal properties of compounds
     incorporating cyclobutane, spiro[3.3]
     heptane and dispiro[3.1.3.1] decane rings
ΑU
     Chan, L. K. M.; Gemmell, P. A.; Gray, G. W.; Lacey, D.; Toyne, K. J.
     Dep. Chem., Univ. Hull, HU6 7RX, UK
CS
SO
     Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals (1987), 147, 113-39
     CODEN: MCLCA5; ISSN: 0026-8941
DT
     Journal
LΑ
     English
CC
     75-11 (Crystallography and Liquid Crystals)
AB
     A number of esters of R-X-CO2-p-C6H4-p-C6H4-Y (I) incorporating the
     cyclobutane, spiro[3.3] heptane, or
     dispiro[3.1.3.1] decane rings was prepared using a di-Et malonate synthesis.
     Strict comparison of the liq. crystal behavior among
     the 3 classes containing a terminal CN-substituent was not possible because
     both the cyclobutanes and dispiro[3.1.3.1]decanes are mixts. of cis- and
     trans-isomers; the spiro[3.3]
     heptanes are racemic systems. Using preparative hplc, it was
     however possible to isolate the pure cis- and trans-isomers of 2 of the
     CN-substituted cyclobutane esters (I; R = alkyl, -X- = -.box.-, Y = CN).
     From the phys. data and the results for the corresponding spiro[
     3.3] heptane esters, conclusions regarding the
    effects of these ring systems on liq. crystal behavior
    were obtained. The pure cis- and trans-isomers of the cyclobutane ester
     (I, R = C3H7, -X = -.box.-, Y = CN) were assessed for the trends in both
    order parameter and viscosity with temperature; the results support the idea
     that the trans-cyclobutane ring adopts a more planar conformation at
    higher temps.
ST
    mesophase biphenyl cyclobutane spiroheptane spirodecane
TT
    Liquid crystals
        (cyanobiphenyl derivs. containing cyclobutane or spiroheptane or
        dispirodecane rings, preparation and properties of)
IT
    Birefringence
        (of cyanobiphenyl derivs. containing cyclobutane or spiroheptane or
        dispirodecane liq. crystals)
IT
    Isomerization
        (cis-trans, in cyanobiphenyl derivs. containing cyclobutane or spiroheptane
        or dispirodecane rings, liq. crystal properties in
        relation to)
IT
    104660-58-4P
                   104660-69-7P
                                  104660-83-5P
                                                  104660-84-6P
                                                                 104660-85-7P
    104660-88-0P
                   104661-43-0P 104685-91-8P
                                                 111195-36-9P
                                                                 111195-37-0P
    111195-38-1P
                   111195-39-2P 111195-40-5P
                                                  111195-41-6P
                                                                 111195-42-7P
    111195-43-8P
                   111195-44-9P
                                   111195-45-0P
                                                 111195-46-1P
                                                                 111195-47-2P
```

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (liq. crystal, preparation and properties of)

TT 1781-54-0P 1781-55-1P 20939-62-2P 66016-02-2P 66016-03-3P 66016-04-4P 104660-77-7P 104660-78-8P 104660-79-9P 104660-80-2P 104660-81-3P 104660-82-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and acidification of, in **liq. crystal** preparation)

IT 24330-53-8P 24330-55-0P 86103-44-8P 88790-52-7P 104660-71-1P 104660-72-2P 104660-73-3P 104660-74-4P 104660-75-5P 104660-76-6P 111241-41-9P 111241-42-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and crystallization and reaction of, with diethylmalonate in liq. crystal preparation)

IT 2163-42-0P 2612-29-5P 21398-43-6P 104660-60-8P 104660-61-9P 104660-62-0P 104660-63-1P 104660-64-2P 104660-65-3P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and crystallization and reaction of, with toluenesulfonyl chloride in

liq. crystal preparation)

IT 57252-83-2P 66016-16-8P 66016-17-9P 66016-18-0P 66016-19-1P 88790-53-8P 111196-18-0P 111196-19-1P 111196-20-4P 111196-21-5P 111196-22-6P 111196-23-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and esterification of, in **liq. crystal** preparation)